



November 19

## SOP # 007 for Cyclophosphamide

Standard Operating Procedure for Cyclophosphamide in	
	Animals
Health Hazards	Cyclophosphamide, also known as cytophosphane, is a nitrogen mustard alkylating agent from the oxazaphosphorine group.  Cyclophosphamide is used to treat cancers, autoimmune disorders, and AL amyloidosis.  Like other alkylating agents, cyclophosphamide is teratogenic and contraindicated in pregnant women.  Cyclophosphamide is converted by the liver into two cytotoxics, acrolein and phosphoramide.  Acrolein and phosphoramide are the active compounds, that slow the growth of cancer cells by interfering with the actions of deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) within the cancerous cells (attaches the alkyl group of the guanine base of DNA, at the number 7 nitrogen atom of the imidazole ring).  This interferes with DNA replication by forming intrastrand and interstrand DNA crosslinks.  Statement of Hazard:  Toxic if swallowed.  May cause cancer.  May damage fertility or the unborn child. The use of this drug during pregnancy has resulted in birth defects.  May cause genetic defects.  As a precautionary measure, keep away from strong oxidizers (such as bleach).  *Pregnant women should not be exposed to or handle this cytotoxic in any form May damage fertility or the unborn child  - May cause genetic defects.
Designated	ABSL2 Facility (Animal Biosafety Level 2)
Area	Harandaya ah amisal tusining and tusining a state COD is seen for the C
Training Requirements	Hazardous chemical training and training on this SOP is required before working with Cyclophosphamide. This should include but is not limited to reviewing the SDS, training on the physical hazards of the chemicals, symptoms of exposure, appropriate work practices, and proper use of PPE
Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)	Double nitrile gloves or compatible chemical-resistant gloves, Chemical safety goggles, Lab coat and mask.  Appropriate PPE should also be used for lower arms such as sleeve covers or securing gloves over the sleeves of laboratory coat.  There are no established safe levels of exposure to cytotoxic drugs. Medical opinion is that even small quantities of cytotoxic drugs and their metabolites should be avoided as much as possible. The safest approach therefore is to reduce occupational exposure to levels as low as reasonably achievable

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General	Tools should be adapted for BSL-2 (use safety syringe, blades and needles
Precautions	where possible). Have a sharps container in close vicinity.
for Animal	Animals should be restrained or anesthetized during injection.
Use	Exposure may occur during preparation and administration of the drugs,
	handling of body fluids from animals receiving cytotoxic drugs, handling and
	disposal of cytotoxic wastes and related trace contaminated material, and
	transportation of cytotoxic drugs. Some cytotoxic drugs have a direct irritant effect on the mucous membranes, eyes and skin. Spills onto skin surfaces that
	have cuts or abrasions and punctures of the skin with a contaminated needle
	or broken glass can lead to severe soft tissue injury. They should be treated
	immediately and observed for potential problems. Cyclophosphamide may be
	excreted by the animals within the first 48 hours post injection therefore the
	lab must change the bedding 48 hours after administration.
Environmenta	A. The preparation of Cyclophosphamide including reconstitution, weighing,
I/ Ventilation	and diluting should be performed in a <b>chemical fume hood</b> . Work should
Controls	be done over absorbent pads.
	B. Work with animals should be conducted in ABSL-2 facility, over
	absorbent pads in a Class II type A2 BSC.
Special	A. Handling: Cyclophosphamide should be handled in containment and done
Handling	over absorbent pads. Following preparation of Cyclophosphamide, the work
Procedures&	area should be thoroughly cleaned with soap and water or with virusolve.
	Utilize safe sharps procedures (i.e. sharps container in the immediate
Storage	vicinity, Leurlock syringes are recommended). The fume hood or other
Requirements	approved containment must be cleaned upon completion of tasks.
	Following preparation of Cyclophosphamide, the work area should be
	thoroughly cleaned with soap and water or with virusolve transporting. Any
	visible contamination or spills should be cleaned with virusolve and then
	washed with water. Any wipes contaminated with Cyclophosphamide must
	be disposed as Cytotoxic hazardous waste.
	B. All equipment must be decontaminated prior to removal from the room
D	housing the infected animals.
Precautions	<ul><li>A. Animals should be restrained or anesthetized during injection.</li><li>B. NO recapping needles.</li></ul>
for Animal	C. Have a sharps container in close vicinity.
Use	D. Once Cyclophosphamide is injected, animals, animal waste and cages are
	considered hazardous for a minimum 48 hours.
	E. Hands must be washed upon exiting animal room
Animal	A. Animals must be housed in filter top cages marked as biohazards (including
Handling	the name of the chemical hazard, Cyclophosphamide), in negative
Practices	pressurized IVC.
i ruciices	B. Handling the cages (including bedding) will be done only by the
	researchers at least for 2day after the last administration and first cage
	change.

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- C. Use a class II A2 BSC at all times (especially during injection or any surgical procedure), when performing work on these animals and/or when moving animals from dirty to clean cages.
- D. Injection animals with Cyclophosphamide:
  - 1. Injection of Cyclophosphamide will be conducted within Class II A2 BSC.
  - 2. All needles will be disposed of in sharps container do not recap or bend needles.
  - 3. Injected animals considered hazardous for a minimum of 48 hours after each administration of Cyclophosphamide.
  - 4. Take precautions to avoid the creation of aerosols when changing or washing cages, or cleaning the room
  - 5. Care should be taken to avoid exposure to bedding dust when handling exposed animals and their waste materials during this time.
  - 6. Dead animals must be placed in primary plastic bags, and then will be transferred to incineration.
  - 7. All surfaces and racks that may be contaminated will be decontaminated with detergent solution followed by water ASAP.
  - 8. The first cage change after each drug administration is to be done no sooner than 48 hours after the administration. The bedding is considered contaminated and requires special handling.
- E. When changing cages use the following technique:
  - 1. Transfer the animals to clean cages
  - 2. Insert the used cages in a plastic bag.
  - 3. Twist the ends of full bags, and seal with tape. Label with wide tape or other type of label marked
    - "Hazardous Chemical Cyclophosphamide ".
  - 4. Transport the bags of cages to a HEPA filtered dumping station that draws air away from the user (it is recommended to use a mask or fume hood).
  - 5. If local ventilation controls are not available for opening cages or dumping bedding, a 3M8835 respirator and safety googles must be worn.
  - 6. All contaminated bedding will be labeled as hazardous materials and handled accordingly:
  - 7. incinerated or placed in chemical waste bags for disposal.
  - 8. After this first cage change there is no need for further special precautions to be taken regarding the animals or the cages as long as the animals have not received any more Cyclophosphamide.
  - The cages should then be put in plastic bags (marked "Toxin -Cyclophosphamide") and sealed for transport to the washroom.
  - 10. In the washroom, cages should be unloaded from the bags with the appropriate PPE as mentioned above and run through the cage wash in the conventional manner. Note- cage wash personnel that meet the criteria for extra precautions above (pregnant exc.) should take extra

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	precautions (additional PPE) when handling cages that may have
	Cyclophosphamide contamination.
Spill and	A. Spills must be cleaned immediately by properly protected trained
•	personnel.
Accident Procedures	<ul> <li>B. Minor Liquid Spills: should be cleaned by personnel wearing a gown, goggles and two pairs of gloves (nitrile). Use absorbent pads to wipe liquid. The spill area should then be cleaned thoroughly with a detergent solution followed by clean water. Place waste in plastic bag and then in the chemical waste container.</li> <li>C. Powder/Major Spills: should be cleaned by personnel wearing a gown, goggles, and chemically resistant gloves. For powder or major liquid spills outside of a fume hood or approved containment, personnel should be instructed to leave the laboratory and entrance should be restricted for at least 30 min. In addition to the above specified PPE, a respirator and safety googles, should also be worn. Contain or absorb spill with vermiculite. Collect and place waste in plastic bag and then in the chemical waste container. The spill area should then be cleaned thoroughly with a detergent solution followed by clean water- prevent</li> </ul>
	runoff into drains. Place waste in a plastic bag and then in the chemical waste container.  Prevent, by all means available, spillage from entering drains.  D. Exposure:
	<ul> <li>In case of skin contact or injection with Cyclophosphamide, wash the affected area with soap and water for at least 15 minutes.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Consult with a Medical doctor in an Emergency Room (ER)</li> <li>For eye exposure, flush with water for at least</li> <li>15 minutes.</li> </ul>
	In any case
	> Consult with Medical doctor in ER
	> Report incident to supervisor
	> Report the accident/injury to the Safety Unit Tel:
	2146/7.
Waste	Dispose all waste material in the appropriate chemical waste container.
Disposal	Unused solutions of Cyclophosphamide and contaminated solid waste will be disposed of as hazardous chemical material.
I hereby confi	rm that I have read the SOP (Standard Operating Procedure) for
•	Cyclophosphamide in Animals, and agree to follow these procedures.
Name:	

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